



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/600,129	06/19/2003	Sarah S. Bacus	02-434-A	9778
7590	05/11/2006			EXAMINER
Andrew W. Williams McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff 32nd Floor 300 S. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606				HOLLERAN, ANNE L
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1643	
				DATE MAILED: 05/11/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/600,129	BACUS ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Anne L. Holleran	1643	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-38 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) ____ is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) 1-38 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____.
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date ____.	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____.

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-11, 21-28 and 35-38, drawn to methods for predicting a response to or selecting a subject for therapy that is directed to epidermal growth factor receptor, comprising detecting expression and/or activation of growth factor receptors or downstream signaling molecules, classified in class 435, subclass 4.
 - II. Claims 12-15, drawn to kits for determining a response to an epidermal growth factor receptor-directed therapy, where the kits comprise reagents for detection of predictive biomarkers, classified in class 530, subclass 387.1, for example.
 - III. Claims 16-20, drawn to methods for predicting a response to a cancer therapy, comprising detecting expression and/or activation of at least two growth factor receptor ligands, classified in class 435, subclass 4.
 - IV. Claims 29-34, drawn to methods for treating a subject with cancer, comprising determining the level of Her3 and then treating the subject with an anti-EGFR antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 130.1.
2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other, for the following reasons:

Inventions I and III are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use

together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the claims of Invention I are directed to methods where what is detected is the expression level or activation of growth factor receptors and their down stream signaling molecules; whereas, for Invention III, the claims are directed to methods where what is detected is the expression level and/or activation of growth factor receptor ligands. Growth factor receptor ligands are separate and distinct protein products from either growth factor receptors or their down stream signaling molecules. Therefore, the methods of Invention I and Invention III encompass the use of separate and distinct reagents.

Furthermore, it would place an undue burden on the examiner to examine these two invention groups together because the searches would not be coextensive. Growth factor receptor ligands are separate and distinct protein products from their cognate growth factor receptors. Furthermore, each receptor may have more than one ligand.

Invention II and any of Invention I, III and IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case, the products of Invention II may be used in any one of materially different process of Invention I, Invention III or Invention IV. Furthermore, the kits of invention II may comprise antibody products which may be used for the purpose of purifying protein products, which is a process materially different from any of Inventions I, III or IV.

Inventions I and IV are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the function of invention IV is to treat individuals with cancer, whereas the function of invention I is to determine the characteristics of a tumor. Furthermore, the claims of Invention I is broader in scope, because the detection step in the claims of Invention I is directed to the detection of many different protein products that are not required in the detection step of the claims of Invention IV.

Furthermore, it would place an undue burden on the examiner to have to search and examine these two inventions together because the search is not coextensive. For Invention I, the search for detection methods requires searching for an association between tumor characteristics and a genus of protein products encompassed by the terms “growth factor receptor” and “down-stream signaling molecule” which would not be required in the search of Invention IV. Invention IV would require a search of appropriate treatment methods for Her3 negative tumors, which would not be required in a search for Invention I.

3. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Election of Species

4. *If Invention II is elected, then the following requirement for election of species applies:*

Claims 12 and 13 are generic to the following disclosed patentably distinct species: species of reagent for detection of predictive biomarkers for cancer, which according to the specification may be growth factor receptors and/ down-stream signaling molecules. The species are independent or distinct because each individual growth factor receptor or down-stream signaling molecule is a separate and distinct protein, requiring separate and distinct reagents for detection. **Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect three species of biomarker to be searched**, even though this requirement is traversed. Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

5. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

Art Unit: 1643

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anne Holleran, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0833. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:30 am to 5:00 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Larry Helms, can be reached on (571) 272-0832. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Art Unit: 1643

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. The faxing of such papers must conform to the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The Official Fax number for Group 1600 is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

Anne L. Holleran
Patent Examiner
May 3, 2006



LARRY R. HELMS, PH.D.
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER